

WORKFORCE OBSERVATIONS

FOR MILWAUKEE/WOW COUNTIES MILWAUKEE, WASHINGTON, OZAUKEE AND WAUKESHA COUNTIES

AUGUST 2004

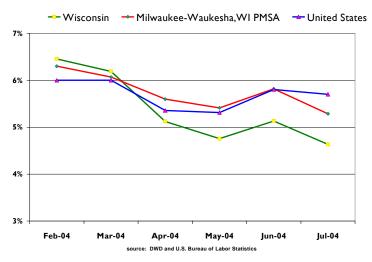
JULY CONTINUES TREND OF LOWER UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

Milwaukee County's unemployment rate in July registered 6.4 percent. This is an improvement from the seven percent clip shown in June and is considerably lower than the rate in July 2003, which was 7.9 percent. At this time, Milwaukee County shows over 8,500 more employed and over 7,000 fewer unemployed compared to last July.

Washington County also improved its unemployment rate in July dipping below the four percent mark to 3.9 percent. This is lower than June's rate by seventenths of a percentage point and is over one full percent point lower than last July's rate of 5.0 percent.

Ozaukee County's unemployment rate in July was 2.9 percent. This is the lowest unemployment rate for Ozaukee in quite some time and is the first time that Ozaukee County has dipped below the three percent mark since September 2001. Ozaukee not only shows the lowest unemployment rate of the four metro counties in July, but it also shows the largest annual rate decrease, 1.7 percent points as there are approximately 900 more employed and 900 fewer unemployed residents.

Six-Month Unemployment Rate Watch



Waukesha County's unemployment rate in July, 3.7 percent, was lower than last month's and last July's by three-tenths of a percentage point and one percent point, respectively. Waukesha's unemployment rate showed the smallest annual decrease of the four metro counties and yet was still lower by a full percent point emphasizing the improvement in 2004 year to date.

July's unemployment rate (not seasonally adjusted) in the Milwaukee-Waukesha MSA was 5.3 percent, an improvement com-

Civilian Labor Force Estimates for Milwaukee-Waukesha MSA counties: July 2004

	Wisconsin			Milwaukee-Waukesha MSA			Milwaukee County		
	Jul-04	Jun-04	Jul-03	Jul-04	Jun-04	Jul-03	Jul-04	Jun-04	Jul-03
Labor force	3,175,541	3,175,261	3,155,841	848,468	849,945	844,833	502,696	503,887	501,210
Employed	3,028,420	3,012,282	2,975,892	803,620	800,488	789,029	470,356	468,523	461,816
Unemployed	147,121	162,979	179,949	44,848	49,457	55,804	32,340	35,364	39,394
% Unemployed	4.6%	5.1%	5.7%	5.3%	5.8%	6.6%	6.4%	7.0%	7.9%
	Was	shington Count	у	C	Zaukee Coun	ty	٧	Vaukesha County	
	Was Jul-04	shington Count Jun-04	y Jul-03	Jul-04	Dzaukee Coun Jun-04	Jul-03	Jul-04	Vaukesha County Jun-04	Jul-03
Labor force			,			,	Jul-04		Jul-03 222,274
Labor force Employed	Jul-04	Jun-04	Jul-03	Jul-04	Jun-04	Jul-03	Jul-04	Jun-04	,
	Jul-04 71,845	Jun-04 72,120	Jul-03 71,340	Jul-04 50,003	Jun-04 50,052	Jul-03 50,008	Jul-04 223,923	Jun-04 223,885	222,274

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and DWD, Local Area Unemployment Statistics. Figures are not seasonally adjusted and current month's data are preliminary

Industry Employment Estimates for the Milwaukee-Waukesha MSA: July 2004

	Wisconsin				Milwaukee-Waukesha MSA			
Place of Work Employment in 1,000's	July 2004	Change since Change since July 2004 June 2004 July 2003						
All Industries	2,846.4	-22.4	48.8	844.2	-7.0	12.4		
Construction/Natural Resources	143.2	4.9	3.2	34.0	1.0	-2.6		
Manufacturing	523.7	5.6	12.0	136.6	-0.2	1.2		
Retail Trade	326.0	-0.9	4.9	81.1	0.5	0.4		
Wholesale Trade	118.7	-0.7	4.4	41.4	0.1	1.3		
Transport/Warehouse/Utilities	105.4	-2.7	-0.2	31.2	-0.4	1.1		
Financial Activities	161.6	0.6	2.6	62.2	0.7	2.4		
Education and Health Services	375.8	2.0	10.9	133.0	0.5	4.6		
Leisure and Hospitality	272.2	1.6	4.3	73.7	0.0	3.1		
Info./Prof./Bus.and Other Services	443.3	0.5	12.2	168.4	1.3	2.6		
Information	48.2	-0.4	-2.0	19.4	0.0	0.8		
Professional and Business Services	266.3	3.8	16.9	109.7	1.4	3.8		
Other Services	128.8	-2.9	-2.7	39.3	-0.1	-2.0		
Fed/State/Local Government	376.5	-33.3	-5.5	82.6	-10.5	-1.7		

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and DWD, Current Employment Statistics. Figures are rounded and may not sum to total. Current month's figures are preliminary

pared to June's rate of 5.8 percent. It is also the lowest unemployment rate registered in 2004, year to date. Annually, the unemployment rate is lower than that of July 2003 given that all four metro counties are considerably lower than they were one year ago. The current metro unemployment rate is 1.3 percent points lower than in July 2003. This lower unemployment rate represents almost 14,600 more employed residents and 11,000 fewer unemployed.

Industry sector employment data from the nonfarm wage and salary employment survey show a total of 844,200 jobs in the metro area. This employment total is 7,000 jobs smaller than June's total tally. This decline is actually quite seasonal and expected as it is reflective of large declines in government employment, the majority being local school districts and public universities staff, as a decrease of 10,500 jobs happened between June and July. Three other sectors showed monthly employment decreases: other services. -100 jobs; transportation, warehousing and utilities,-400 jobs; and manufacturing, -200 jobs

Positive employment strides over the

month were made in the remaining industry sectors. The largest employment gains were measured in professional and business services, 1,400 jobs; construction, 1,000 jobs; financial activities, 700 jobs, education and health services, 500 jobs; and retail trade, 500 jobs.

The annual change of the industry sectors is a more optimal way of examining the labor economy compared to monthly changes. The annual industry employment total has improved in almost every month in 2004 and at this time the total figure is 12,400 jobs higher compared to July 2003. The steadying improvement in the Milwaukee-Waukesha metro shows that recovery in the economy is in an early phase given the fact that this is the fourth month in a row to show annual job growth. This is reflective of the fact that economic recovery is a gradual process. It also indicates that annual employment growth in the metro area is certainly encouraging and that the comparison to a softer labor market in 2003 reinforces the fact that the Milwaukee area needs to maintain the healthier job-growth pace that it is currently seeing in 2004.

Almost every industry sector in the metro area has shown employment growth in the last year. The largest employment gain was seen in education and health services with 4,600 more jobs. Professional and business services gained 3,800 more jobs. Leisure and hospitality showed a gain of 3,100 jobs. Financial activities showed a gain of 2,400 jobs. Two closely related industries, manufacturing and wholesale trade gained 1,200 and 1,300 jobs, respectively.

Three industry sectors at this time show an annual loss of employment. Construction and natural resources had 2,600 fewer jobs. Other services had 2,000 fewer jobs. Total government employment shows 1,700 fewer jobs compared to July 2003.

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